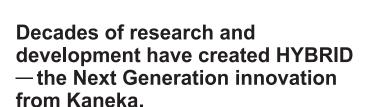
Kaneka



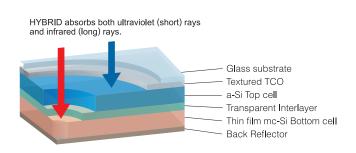


Kaneka's HYBRID solar panel has a tandem structure that absorbs both the blue and red ends of the light spectrum allowing it to convert even more of the sun's light into energy. This latest HYBRID innovation can deliver high power generation, kWh/kWp, and is environmentally friendly.

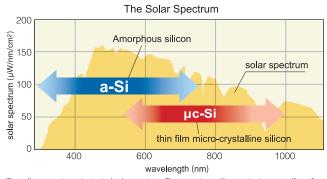
Kaneka's HYBRID technology combines the features of both amorphous silicon and micro-crystalline silicon to create higher energy production.

The words "solar panel" are often associated with crystalline solar panels, but Kaneka's HYBRID solar module offers some unique features over traditional crystalline. Its dual-layer structure of microcrystalline and amorphous silicon can capture both short and long wavelengths of the light spectrum, allowing the HYBRID to convert even more sunlight into electricity.

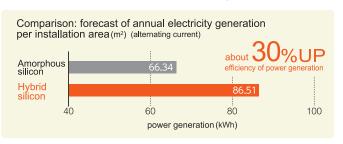
This enhances the efficiency of power generation, and produces up to 30% higher power output than conventional thin-film amorphous silicon panels. The HYBRID delivers greater performance capabilities and offers a lower open circuit voltage for enhanced design flexibility. Kaneka's HYBRID panel is the future of solar power.







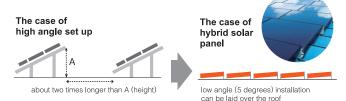
*The yellow area shows the typical solar spectrum. The amorphous silicon and micro-crystalline silicon arrows represent the spectrum band that solar panels use to turn light into electricity



*Osaka-city. A case of low angle (5 degrees) installation, due south. Based on Kaneka's power generation forecast

HYBRID panels are ideal for low angle installations.

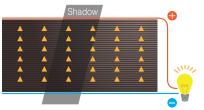
Because of HYBRID's cell structure, low angle (5 degree) roof installations are possible without a significant loss of power generation by shadow. Panels can be installed close together, allowing for more roof coverage and higher power output.



The HYBRID cell structure is shadow tolerant.

The HYBRID panel measures 1,210x1,008 mm. Unlike traditional crystalline panels, the HYBRID cells allow it to perform even if part of the panel is shaded*.

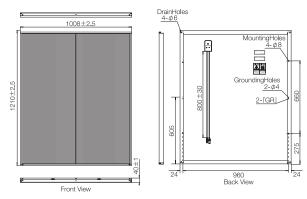
*The cell configuration allows it to prevent power output deterioration under shadow dropped conditions like picture below.



For example, if 20% of one cell becomes shady, remaining 80% of the cell can generate power normally.

Electrical characteristics U-EA110 type **Current-Voltage characteristics** at various cell temperature 15°C 25 25°C € 2.0 35°C 45°C 1.5 55°C 1.0 0.5 50 90 100 20 30 40 Voltage (V) **Current-Voltage characteristics** at various irradiance levels 1000W/m² 800W/m² 2.5 600W/m² € 2.0 400W/m² 1.5 1.0 200W/m² 0.5 10 20 30 40 50 60 80 90 Voltage (V)

U-EA100/U-EA105/U-EA110/U-EA115/U-EA120



Products			U-EA100	U-EA105	U-EA110	U-EA115	U-EA120
Electrical Data (Standard Test Condition)*1	Maximum Power (Pmax)	[W]	100	105	110	115	120
	Tolerance		-5%/+10%	-5%/+10%	-5%/+10%	-5%/+10%	-5%/+10%
	Minimum value of Pmax	[W]	95.0	99.75	104.5	109.25	114.0
	Open circuit voltage (Voc)	[V]	71	71	71	71	71
	Short circuit current (Isc)	[A]	2.25	2.40	2.50	2.50	2.60
	Voltage at Pmax (Vmpp)	[V]	53.5	53.5	54.0	55.0	55.0
	Current at Pmax (Impp)	[A]	1.87	1.96	2.04	2.09	2.18
	Module Efficiency (η)	[%]	8.2	8.6	9.0	9.4	9.8
	Efficiency reduction at 200W/m ²		<5%	<5%	<5%	<5%	<5%
Data at normal operating cell temperature (NOCT) *2	Temperature (TNOCT)		45	45	45	45	45
	Maximum Power (Pmax)	[W]	74.4	78.1	81.8	85.6	89.3
	Open circuit voltage (Voc)	[V]	65.5	65.5	65.5	65.5	65.5
	Short circuit current (Isc)	[A]	1.82	1.94	2.02	2.02	2.10
	Voltage at Pmax (Vmpp)	[V]	48.8	48.8	49.2	50.2	50.2
	Current at Pmax (Impp)	[A]	1.53	1.60	1.66	1.71	1.78
Temperature coefficients	Power	[%/K]	-0.35				
	Open circuit voltage	[%/K]	-0.39				
	Short circuit current	[%/K]	0.056				
Mechanical characteristic Data	Cell Type		Thin film (amorphous Si / thin film micro crystalline Si)				
	No. of cells 106 (53 in series / 2 in parallel)						
	Dimension	[mm]	W1,210 × L1,008 × T40				
	Weight	[kg]	18.3				
	Junction box (Dimension)	[mm]	W64 × L96 × T16.5				
	Output cable		2.5mm ² Onamba PV cable with Multi-Contact PV-KBT and KST 3 II connectors				
	Front panel	low iron glass with 5.0mm thickness					
	Frame material		anodised alminum				
Limits and Others	Maximum system voltage	[V]	600				
	Limiting reverse current	[A]	3.5				
	Operating module temperuture	[℃]	-20+80°C (module temperature)				
	Maximum load	[Pa]	2,400				
	Application classification (IEC 61730-Ed.1)		А				
	Fire classification (IEC 61730-Ed.1)		Class C				
	Safety classification (IEC 61730-Ed.1)				П		

^{*1} Irradiance 1000 W/m², spectrum Air Mass 1.5 and cell temperature 25 $^\circ$ C *2 Irradiance 800 W/m², wind speed 1m/s and air temperature 20 $^\circ$ C

IEC 61646/EN61730 Safety Class Ⅱ (€



Certification: IEC 61646-Ed. 2, IEC 61730-Ed. 1 Manufactured in ISO 9001 certificated factories.









